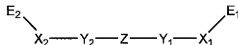


AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATIONIn the Specification**Page 3, line 19- page 4, line 8**

In a first aspect, an organophotoreceptor comprises an electrically conductive substrate and a photoconductive element on the electrically conductive substrate, the photoconductive element comprising:

(a) a charge transport material having the formula



where  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  comprise, each independently, a carbazolyl group;

$X_1$  and  $X_2$ , each independently, are a bridging group, such as a  $-(CH_2)_m-$  group, branched or linear, where  $m$  is an integer between 0 and 20, inclusive, and one or more of the methylene groups is optionally replaced by O, S, C=O, O=S=O, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, urethane, urea, an ester group, an amide group, an  $NR_3$  group,  $[[a\ CR_4,]]$  or a  $CR_5R_6$  group where  $R_3$ ,  $[[R_4,]]$   $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are, independently, H, hydroxyl, thiol, carboxyl, an amino group, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, or part of a ring;

$E_1$  and  $E_2$  comprise, each independently, an epoxy group; and

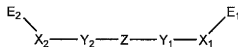
$Z$  is a linking group comprising a bond, a  $-(CR_5=CR_6)_n-$  group, a  $-CR_7=N-$  group, or an aromatic group, where  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , and  $R_7$  are, each independently, H, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, or an aromatic group, and  $n$  is an integer between 1 and 10, inclusive; and

(b) a charge generating compound.

**Page 4, line 28-page 5, line 17**

In a fourth aspect, the invention features a charge transport material having the general formula above.

In a fifth aspect, the invention features a polymeric charge transport compound prepared by the reaction of a functional group in a polymeric binder with at least an epoxy group in a compound having the formula



where  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  comprise, each independently, a carbazolyl group;

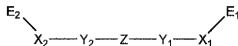
$X_1$  and  $X_2$ , each independently, are a bridging group, such as a  $-(CH_2)_m-$  group, branched or linear, where  $m$  is an integer between 0 and 20, inclusive, and one or more of the methylene groups is optionally replaced by O, S, C=O, O=S=O, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, urethane, urea, an ester group, an amide group, an  $NR_3$  group,  $[[a CR_4]]$  or a  $CR_5R_6$  group where  $R_3$ ,  $[[R_4]]$   $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are, independently, H, hydroxyl, thiol, carboxyl, an amino group, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, or part of a ring;

$E_1$  and  $E_2$  comprise, each independently, an epoxy group; and

$Z$  is a linking group comprising a bond, a  $-(CR_5=CR_6)_n-$  group, a  $-CR_7=N-$  group, or an aromatic group, where  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , and  $R_7$  are, each independently, H, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, or an aromatic group, and  $n$  is an integer between 1 and 10, inclusive.

**Page 10, lines 6-21**

As described herein, an organophotoreceptor comprises a charge transport material having the formula



where  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  comprise, each independently, a carbazolyl group;

$X_1$  and  $X_2$ , each independently, are a bridging group, such as a  $-(CH_2)_m-$  group, branched or linear, where  $m$  is an integer between 0 and 20, inclusive, and one or more of the methylene groups is optionally replaced by O, S, C=O, O=S=O, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, urethane, urea, an ester group, an amide group, an  $NR_3$  group,  $[[a CR_4]]$  or a  $CR_5R_6$  group where  $R_3$ ,  $[[R_4]]$   $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are, independently, H, hydroxyl, thiol, carboxyl, an amino group, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, or part of a ring;

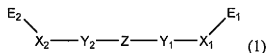
E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub> comprise, each independently, an epoxy group; and

Z is a linking group comprising a bond, a  $-(CR_5=CR_6)_n-$  group, a  $CR_7=N$  group, or an aromatic group, where R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, and R<sub>7</sub> are, each independently, H, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, or an aromatic group, and n is an integer between 1 and 10, inclusive.

E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub> each can be, independently, an oxiranyl ring.

**Page 23, line 20- page 24, line 5**

As described herein, an organophotoreceptor comprises a charge transport material having the formula



where Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>2</sub> comprise, each independently, a carbazoyl group;

X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub>, each independently, are a bridging group, such as a  $-(CH_2)_m-$  group, branched or linear, where m is an integer between 0 and 20, inclusive, and one or more of the methylene groups is optionally replaced by O, S, C=O, O=S=O, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, urethane, urea, an ester group, an amide group, an NR<sub>3</sub> group, [[a CR<sub>4</sub>,]] or a CR<sub>5</sub>R<sub>6</sub> group where R<sub>3</sub>, [[R<sub>4</sub>,]] R<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>6</sub> are, independently, H, hydroxyl, thiol, carboxyl, an amino group, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, an aromatic group, or part of a ring;

E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub> comprise, each independently, an epoxy group; and

Z is a linking group comprising a bond, a  $-(CR_5=CR_6)_n-$  group, a  $-CR_7=N-$  group, or an aromatic group, where R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, and R<sub>7</sub> are, each independently, H, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a heterocyclic group, or an aromatic group, and n is an integer between 1 and 10, inclusive.

E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub> each can be, independently, an oxiranyl ring.